# SAFETY DATA SHEET



### **Phosphine**

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier : Phosphine **Chemical name** 

Other means of identification

: phosphine

Trihydrogen phosphide; Hydrogen phosphide; Phosphorus trihydride; PH3; Phosphene: Phosphorus hydride: Celphos: Delicia: Detia: Detia gas ex-B:

Fosforowodor; Gas-ex-B; Phosphorwasserstoff; Rcra waste number P096; UN 2199

**Product type** 

**Product use** : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

: Trihydrogen phosphide; Hydrogen phosphide; Phosphorus trihydride; PH3; **Synonym** 

Phosphene: Phosphorus hydride: Celphos: Delicia: Detia: Detia gas ex-B:

Fosforowodor; Gas-ex-B; Phosphorwasserstoff; Rcra waste number P096; UN 2199

SDS#

: Airgas USA, LLC and its affiliates Supplier's details

259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

24-hour telephone : 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1

PYROPHORIC GASES

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas

Category 1

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1

**GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 











Signal word

Danger

**Hazard statements** 

: Extremely flammable gas.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

Contains gas under pressure: may explode if heated.

Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

Fatal if inhaled.

Causes serious eye damage.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Very toxic to aquatic life.

May form explosive mixtures with air.

**Precautionary statements** 

General

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

Read and follow all Safety Data Sheets (SDS'S) before use. Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Close valve after each use and when empty. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use. Use only with equipment purged with inert gas or evacuated prior to discharge from cylinder. Use a back flow preventative device in the piping. Use only equipment of compatible materials of construction. Approach suspected leak area with caution.

### **Prevention**

: Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face protection. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe gas.

#### Response

: Collect spillage. Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. In case of leakage, eliminate all ignition sources. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

# Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

: Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

### classified

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Substance
Chemical name : phosphine

Other means of identification

: Trihydrogen phosphide; Hydrogen phosphide; Phosphorus trihydride; PH3; Phosphene; Phosphorus hydride; Celphos; Delicia; Detia; Detia gas ex-B; Fosforowodor; Gas-ex-B; Phosphorwasserstoff; Rcra waste number P096; UN 2199

Product code : 001070

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**CAS number** : 7803-51-2

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
phosphine	100	7803-51-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

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: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### **Skin contact**

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Ingestion**: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or

frostbite.

**Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

**Ingestion**: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may

occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

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## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Spontaneously flammable in air. Contains gas under pressure. Extremely flammable gas. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is very toxic to aquatic life. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

### **Hazardous thermal** decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: phosphorus oxides

### Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Contact supplier immediately for specialist advice. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. If involved in fire, shut off flow immediately if it can be done without risk. If this is impossible, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn. Fight fire from protected location or maximum possible distance. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

### **Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

### For non-emergency personnel

: Accidental releases pose a serious fire or explosion hazard. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe gas. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

: Ensure emergency procedures to deal with accidental gas releases are in place to avoid contamination of the environment. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.

Large spill

: Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Contains gas under pressure. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid release to the environment. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. This product should be handled using appropriate techniques that avoid exposure to atmospheric oxygen and moisture. Do

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

not breathe gas. Use non-sparking tools.

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### including any incompatibilities

**Conditions for safe storage.** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Eliminate all ignition sources. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F). Store locked up. Keep under an inert atmosphere. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
phosphine	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  C: 0.15 ppm TWA: 0.05 ppm 8 hours.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 0.4 mg/m³ 10 hours.  TWA: 0.3 ppm 10 hours.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 0.4 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 0.3 ppm 8 hours.  OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).  STEL: 1 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 1 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 0.4 mg/m³ 8 hours.  TWA: 0.4 mg/m³ 8 hours.

### **Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Engineering controls may be required to control the primary or secondary risks associated with this product. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

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### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Skin protection**

#### **Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### **Respiratory protection**

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### **Appearance**

Physical state : Gas. [Compressed gas.]

Color : Colorless.

Odor : Fish. Garlic.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : -133°C (-207.4°F)

Boiling point : -87.7°C (-125.9°F)

Critical temperature : 51.556°C (124.8°F)

Flash point : Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available. Lower and upper explosive : Lower: 1.8% (flammable) limits Upper: 98% Vapor pressure : Not available. : 1.17 (Air = 1) Vapor density Specific Volume (ft <sup>3</sup>/lb) : 11.4286

**Gas Density (lb/ft** 3) : 0.0875 (20°C / 68 to °F)

Relative density : Not applicable.
Solubility : Not available.
Solubility in water : Not available.
Partition coefficient: noctanol/water : Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature : 38°C (100.4°F)

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not applicable.

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### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Molecular weight : 34 g/mole

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** 

: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.

Conditions may include the following:

contact with air

Reactions may include the following:

spontaneous flammability

**Conditions to avoid** 

: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow contact with air.

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

air

Oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization** 

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	22 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	11 ppm	4 hours

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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## Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact**: Causes serious eye damage. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or

frostbite.

**Inhalation** : Fatal if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Ingestion**: As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain, watering, redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:, pain or irritation, redness, blistering may

occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:, stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : N

: Not available.

**Long term exposure** 

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (gases)	11 ppm

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### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Not available.

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Not available.

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Empty Airgas-owned pressure vessels should be returned to Airgas. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

### United States - RCRA Acute hazardous waste "P" List

Ingredient	CAS#		Reference number
Phosphine; Hydrogen phosphide	7803-51-2	Listed	P096

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT	TDG	Mexico	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2199	UN2199	UN2199	UN2199	UN2199
UN proper shipping name	PHOSPHINE	PHOSPHINE	PHOSPHINE	PHOSPHINE	PHOSPHINE
Transport hazard class(es)	2.3 (2.1)    NIHA, ATION   NIH	2.3 (2.1)	2.3 (2.1)	2.3 (2.1)	2.3 (2.1)
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

<sup>&</sup>quot;Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

#### **Additional information**

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# Section 14. Transport information

**DOT Classification** : Toxic - Inhalation hazard Zone A

Reportable quantity 100 lbs / 45.4 kg. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than

the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity)

transportation requirements. **Limited quantity** Yes.

Quantity limitation Passenger aircraft/rail: Forbidden. Cargo aircraft: Forbidden.

**Special provisions** 1

**TDG Classification** : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous

Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2), 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).

**Special provisions** 38

**IATA** : Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: Forbidden. Cargo Aircraft Only:

Forbidden.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the

event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

### Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: phosphine

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**  : Listed

Clean Air Act Section 602

**Class I Substances** 

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals** 

: Not listed

(Essential Chemicals)

**SARA 302/304** 

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
phosphine	100	Yes.	500	-	100	-

**SARA 304 RQ** : 100 lbs / 45.4 kg

**SARA 311/312** 

: Refer to Section 2: Hazards Identification of this SDS for classification of substance. Classification

**SARA 313** 

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	phosphine	7803-51-2	100
Supplier notification	phosphine	7803-51-2	100

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

#### State regulations

Massachusetts: This material is listed.New York: This material is listed.New Jersey: This material is listed.Pennsylvania: This material is listed.

California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### **International regulations**

### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

### **Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants**

Not listed.

### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed

### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

### **Inventory list**

Australia : This material is listed or exempted.

Canada : This material is listed or exempted.

China : This material is listed or exempted.

Europe : This material is listed or exempted.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): This material is listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): This material is listed or exempted.

New Zealand: This material is listed or exempted.Philippines: This material is listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: This material is listed or exempted.Taiwan: This material is listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : This material is active or exempted.Viet Nam : This material is listed or exempted.

### Section 16. Other information

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

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### Section 16. Other information

### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1	Expert judgment
PYROPHORIC GASES	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Expert judgment
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION - Category 1	Expert judgment
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Expert judgment
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 1	Expert judgment

### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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